



Orbit Management Framework (OMF)

Demonstration

Thierry Rakotoarivelo
Max Ott



Australian Government
Department of Communications,
Information Technology and the Arts
Australian Research Council

NICTA Members



Department of State and
Regional Development.



NICTA Partners



The University of Sydney

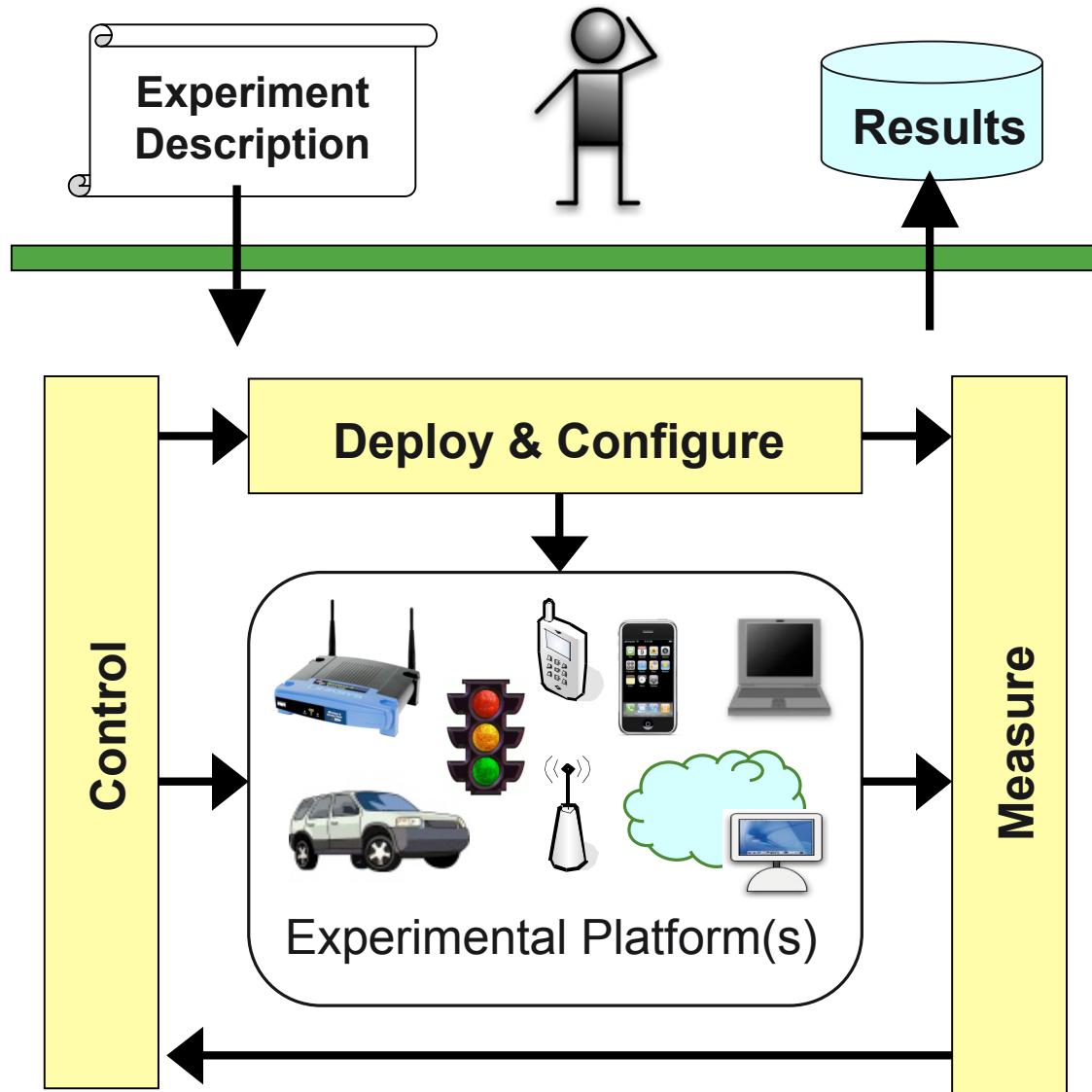


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OMF - User View

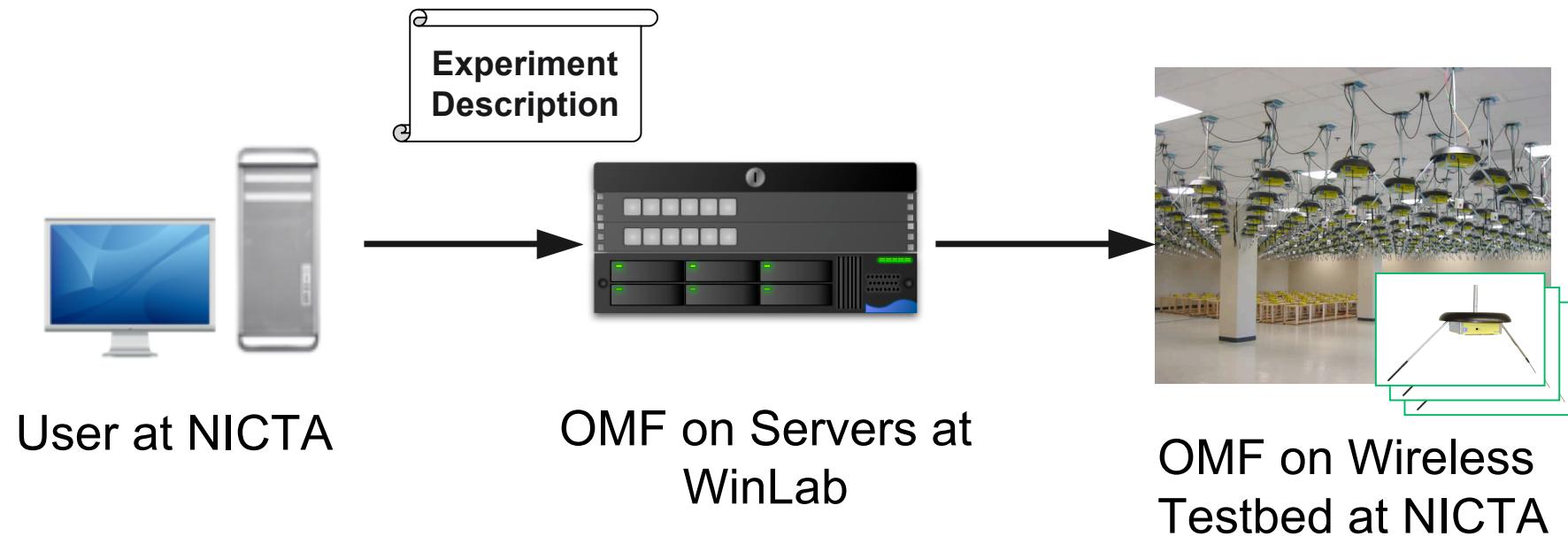


Simple Multi-path Experiment

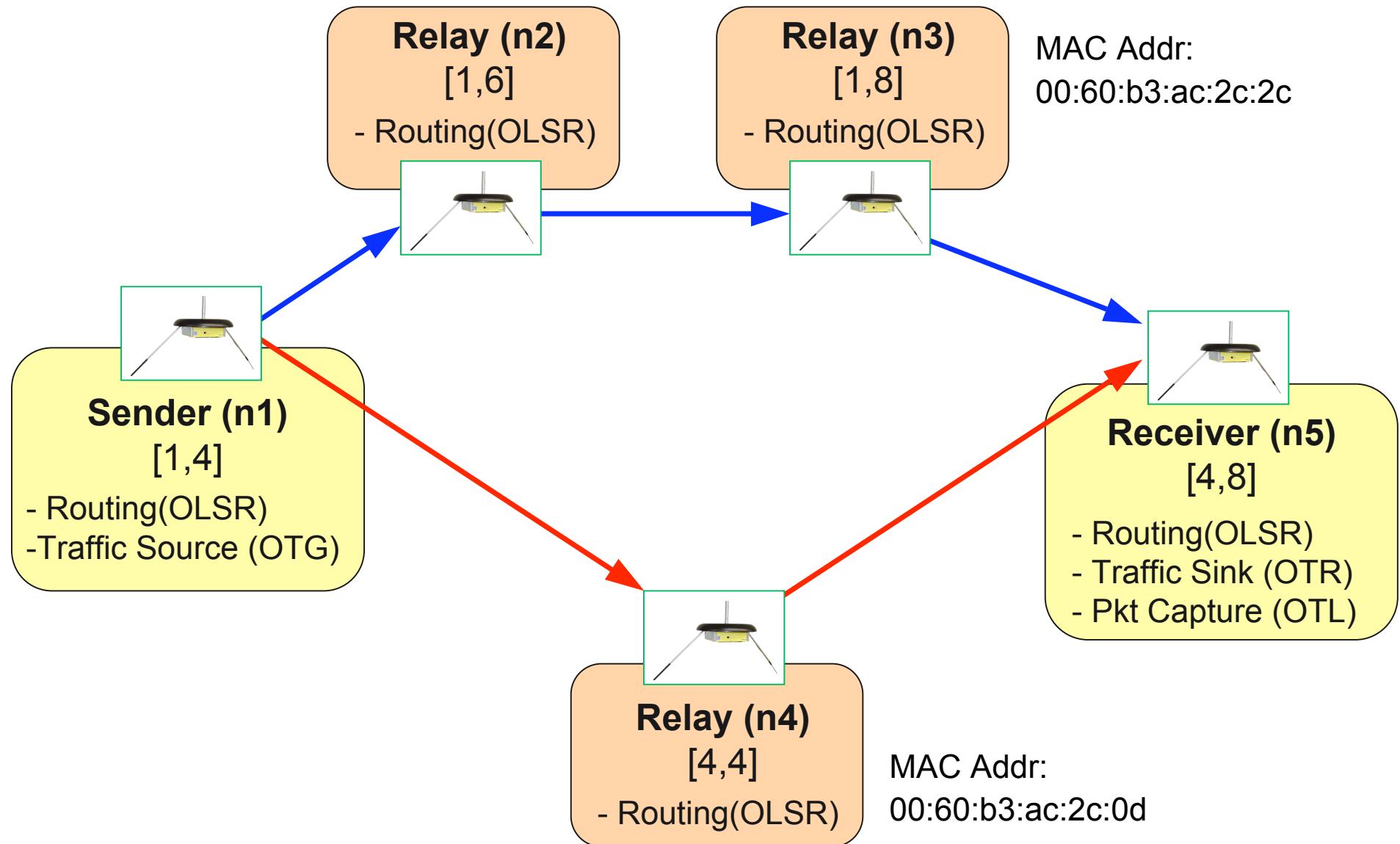


Overview

- Ad-Hoc Mesh Network + WiFi 802.11g
- Ad-Hoc routing with Multi-Path capability (OLSR from PhD NICTA)
- Constant traffic from one node to another



Simple Multi-path Experiment



Experiment Description

1. **SETUP**
2. **OPERATIONS**

- **SETUP**
 - Describe network Topology
 - Configure & Associate applications to nodes
 - Configure network Interfaces
- **OPERATION**
 - Implement the Topology
 - List of Actions to perform

Experiment Script



- SETUP - Describe network Topology
 - See example script
 - Other available methods:

```
defTopology('aSubTopology') { |t|
  parentTopo = Topology['myTopo']
  aNode1 = parentTopo.getNodeByLabel("n_1")
  aNode2 = parentTopo.getNodeByLabel("n_4")
  t.addNode(aNode1)
  t.addNode(aNode2)
}
```

```
defTopology('myTopo') { |t|
  baseTopo = Topology['system:topo:active']
  for count in 1..4
    # Draw a random node
    aNode = baseTopo.getUniqueRandomNode
    # Add it to this topology
    t.addNode(aNode)
  end
}
```

```
defTopology('myTopo') { |t|
  baseTopo = Topology['system:topo:active']
  someNodes = baseTopo.select( :method => :random,
                               :number => 4,
                               :name => "n_%i%",
                               :features => { :wifi => "atheros",
                                              :bt => "false",
                                              :mem => "1Gb",
                                              :channel => "6" })
  t.addNodes(someNodes )
  t.addLink("n_1","n_2", { :rate =>54, :per =>0.1, :asymmetric => true })
  t.addLink("n_2","n_3", { :rate =>12, :per =>0.2, :asymmetric => true })
}
```

Experiment Script

- SETUP - Configure and Associate applications to nodes
 - See example script - Other available methods:

```
defApplication('app:myapp', 'myapp') {|a|
  a.version(1, 0, 0)
  a.shortDescription = "A Programmable traffic generator"
  a.defProperty('pkt-loss-rate', 'Packet Loss Rate in%')
  a.binaryRepository = "/home/Alice/myArchive.tar"
  a.path = "/usr/bin/traffic-gen"
}

defPrototype("proto:myApp") { |p|
  p.name = "MyApplication"
  p.description = "A simple network application"
  p.defProperty('lossRate', 'Packet Loss Rate in%', '0')
  p.addApplication(:myapp, "app:myapp"){|a|
    a.bindProperty('pkt-loss-rate', 'lossRate')
  }
}

Experiment.defProperty('myRate', 100, 'Rate in kbps')

defGroup("theSenderGroup", "anExistingTopology") { |node|
  node.prototype("proto:myApp", 'destinationHost'=>'192.168.255.255',
                'packetSize' => 512,
                'rate' => prop.myRate,
                'protocol' => 'udp' )
}
```

Experiment Script



- SETUP - Configure Network Interface
 - See example script
- OPERATION - Implement the Topology
 - See example script
 - Other available methods:

```
allGroups.net.w0.enforce_link = { :topology => 'mainTopology' , :method => 'mackill' }
```

Or

```
allGroups.net.w0.enforce_link = { :topology => 'mainTopology' , :method => 'ebtable' }
```

- Extendable, support for new technology = a new 'method'
- Warn user if the Topology is not feasible (next OMF release)

Experiment Script



- OPERATION - List of Actions to perform
 - Available methods:

```
whenAllUp { ... } # Execute actions when all nodes are UP

whenAllInstalled { ... } # Execute actions when all Apps on all nodes are ready to run

wait 30

info "Some messages..."

prop.myRate = 900

allGroups.exec("/usr/bin/someCommand -someParameter 123")

allGroups.startApplications

allGroups.stopApplications

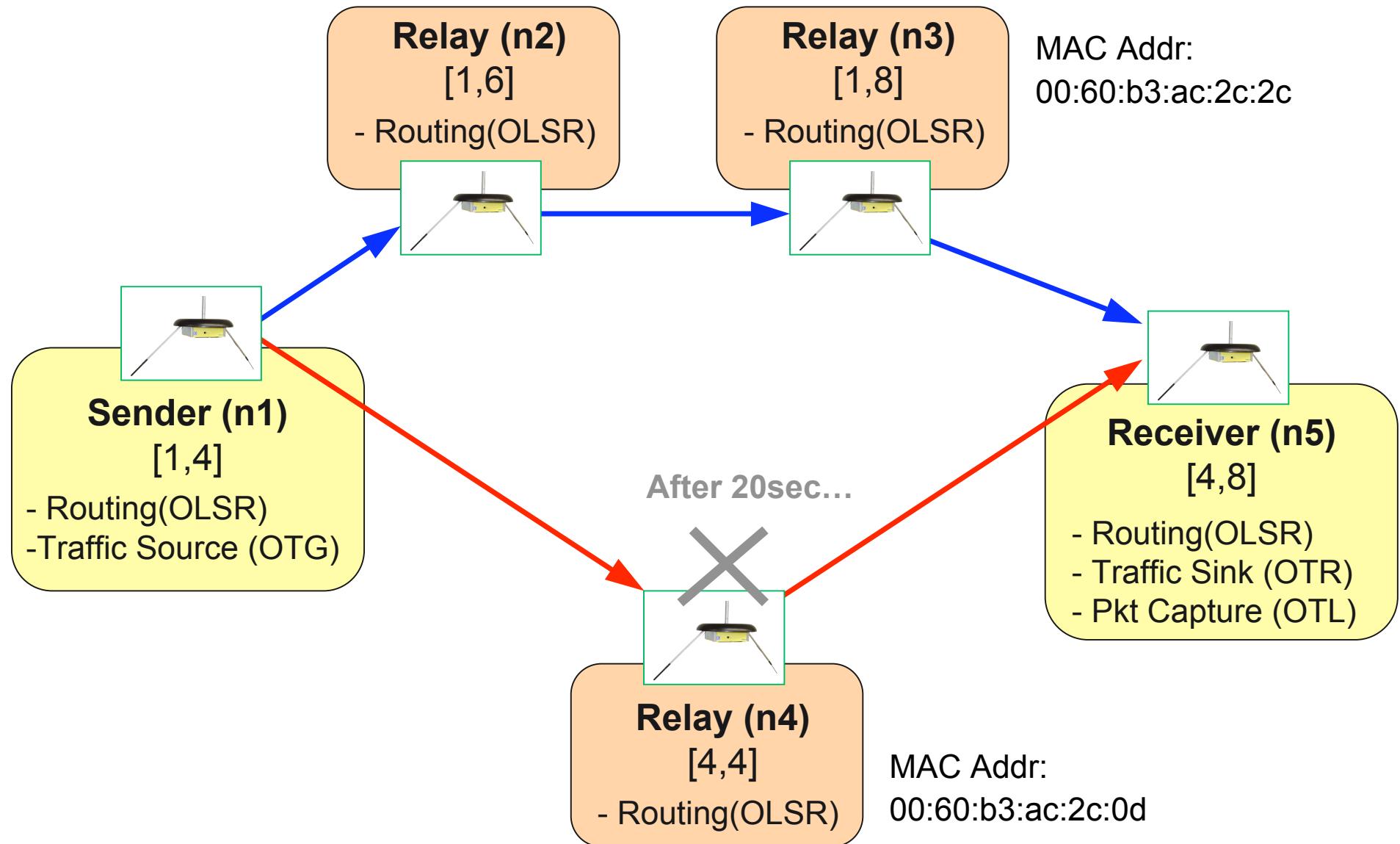
Experiment.Done

## Same as above but for a specific group:

group("myGroup").startApplications

Etc...
```

Running the Experiment....

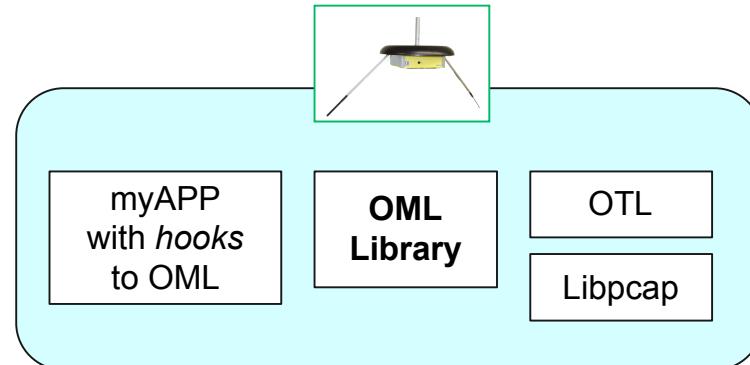


Experiment Script - Taking Measurements



- The OMF Measurement Library (OML) - 2 available methods
 - A. Add measurement *hooks* in your App code + Compile App with OML library
 - B. Use built-in packet tap OTL, which is based on existing libpcap (....)
Define filters

```
// - 1  
omlc_init(name, &argc, argv, o_log);  
  
// - 2  
static OmlMPDef oml_def[] = {  
    {"ts", OML_DOUBLE_VALUE},  
    {"pkt_length", OML_LONG_VALUE},  
    {"dst_host", OML_STRING_PTR_VALUE},  
    {"dst_port", OML_LONG_VALUE},  
    {NULL, (OmlValueT)0},  
};  
  
// - 3  
static OmlMP* oml_mp;  
oml_mp = omlc_add_mp("udp_out", oml_def);  
  
// - 4 - before starting your app  
omlc_start();  
  
// - 5 - within your app's execution  
omlc_process(oml_mp, v);
```

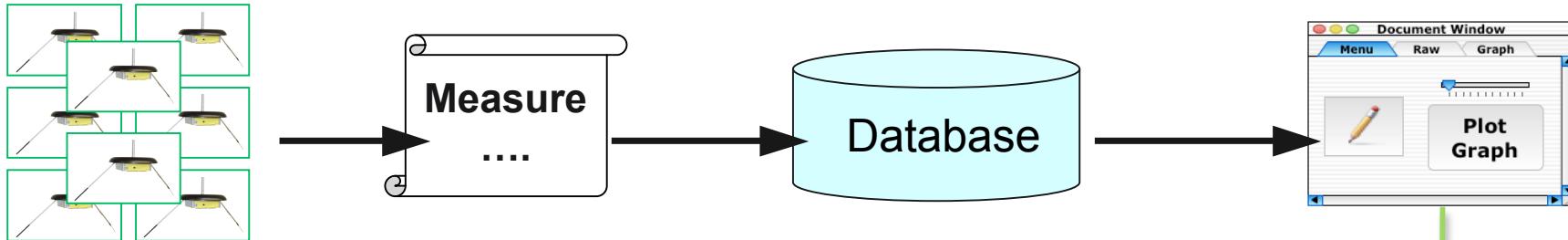


```
// Libpcap specific filters  
// (i.e. tcpdump 'expressions')  
dst host 192.168.0.1
```

Processing and Viewing the results

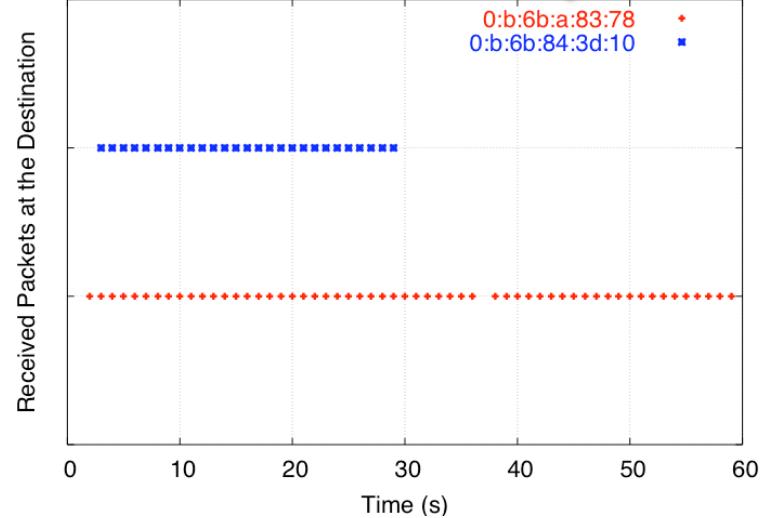
Each node: OML
Measurement Point(s)
& Filter(s)

Server:
OML Collection & Storage
Services



```
defApplication('app:myapp', 'myapp') { |a|
  ...
  a.defMeasurement("mp1") { |m|
    m.defMetric('pkt_seqno', 'long')
    m.defMetric('pkt_size', 'long')
  }
}

defPrototype("proto:myApp") { |p|
  p.addApplication(:myApp, "app:myapp") { |a|
    ...
    a.measure('mp1', :interval => 1.sec) { |m|
      m.add('pkt_seqno')
      m.add('pkt_size', :filter => 'builtin:avg')
    }
  }
}
```



Thank you

Max.Ott@nicta.com.au

Thierry.Rakotoarivelo@nicta.com.au

